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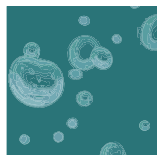
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Gels (ISSN 2310-2861) is recently established international, open access journal on physical and chemical gel-based materials. The journal aim is to encourage scientists to publish their experimental and theoretical results in as much detail as possible. General topics include but not limited to synthesis, characterization and applications of new organogels, hydrogels and ionic gels made either from low molecular weight compounds or polymers, composite and hybrid materials where a metal is by some means incorporated into the gel network, and computational studies of these materials in order to provide a better understanding of gelation mechanism. We cordially invite you to consider publishing with us and contribute with your own grain of sand to the advance in this fascinating field.

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Aims and Scope

Gels aims to serve as a reference journal with a focus on gel materials for researchers working in both academia and industry. Therefore, papers demonstrating practical applications of these materials are particularly welcome. Occasionally, invited contributions (*i.e.*, original research and review articles) on emerging issues and high-tech applications of gels are published as special issues.

The scope of *Gels* includes :

- Dried-gels;
- Colloidal gels;
- Gels made in mixtures of solvents;
- Organogels, hydrogels and ionic gels made either from low molecular weight compounds and/or polymers (*i.e.*, physical (supramolecular) and chemical gels);
- Composite and hybrid materials where a metal is by some means incorporated into the gel network (*i.e.*, metallo-gels);
- Computational modeling of these materials in order to provide a better understanding of gelation mechanism;
- Synthesis, characterization and applications of the above-mentioned materials

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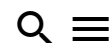
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2. Institut für Organische Chemie, Fakultät für Chemie und Pharmazie, Universität Regensburg, Universitätsstr. 31, 93053 Regensburg, Germany

Interests: development of advanced functional soft materials; through bio-inspired synthetic approaches; for biomedical; catalytic; sensing; coatings and energy applications

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Website (https://sc.edu/study/colleges_schools/engineering_and_computing/faculty-staff/jabbari.php)

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Biomimetic Materials and Tissue Engineering Laboratory, Department of Chemical Engineering, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29208, USA

Interests: bioinspired gels; gels for stem cell delivery; self-assembled micelles for growth factor immobilization; models gels to control cell microenvironment; composite materials with structure at multiple length scales; skeletal tissue engineering

* Section Editor-in-Chief of Section 'Gel Chemistry and Physics'

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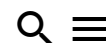
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Organic and Macromolecular Chemistry, University of Paderborn, Warburger Str. 100, D-33098 Paderborn, Germany

Interests: controlled polymer synthesis; polymer characterization; smart polymers; hydrogels; actuators and sensors

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Interests: food science; packaging; biopolymers; oleogels; controlled delivery systems

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Website (<https://www.ics-cnrs.unistra.fr/member-141-Guenet%20Jean-Michel.html>)

Section Editor-in-Chief

Institut Charles Sadron, UPR 22, CNRS-Université de Strasbourg, 23 rue du Loess, BP 84047, 67034 Strasbourg, France

Interests: thermoreversible gelation of polymers and biopolymers; organogels; polymer-solvent compounds; self-assembled systems; hybrid gels; neutron scattering; calorimetry; rheology

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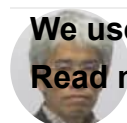
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Department of Chemistry, Materials and Chemical Engineering "Giulio Natta", Politecnico di Milano, Via Mancinelli 7, 20131 Milan, Italy

Interests: colloids; drug delivery; nanogels; tissue engineering; transport phenomena

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Website (<https://umexpert.um.edu.my/zulhelmi-amir.html>)

Department of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Universiti Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Interests: petroleum engineering; Oil and Gas; polymer; Polymer Crosslinking; Polymer Gel; rheology; Coreflooding; oil recovery; drilling

Dr. Saeed Bahadorikhalili

Website (https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=uWyAULgAAAAJ&view_op=list_works&sortby=pubdate)

Universitat Rovira i Virgili

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Interests: polymer chemistry; organic chemistry; catalysis; drug delivery; tissue engineering; biosensing; biosensors; nanotechnology; membrane; nanochemistry

Dr. Nela Bibire

Website (https://umfcd.ro/wp-content/uploads/2018/TEZA-DOCTORAT/MUSTAFA-F-ALEF/CV_Nela-Bibire-1.pdf)

Department of Analytical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, “Grigore T. Popa” University of Medicine and Pharmacy, 700115 Iași, Romania

Interests: analytical and bioanalytical methods; drug delivery; polymers and biopolymers; Pharmaceutical formulation

Dr. Arvind Singh Chandel

Website (<https://www.cdbim.m.u-tokyo.ac.jp/itolab/>)

The Faculty of Medicine The University of Tokyo Japan

Interests: Polymer, hydrogel, adhesion barrier, drug delivery tissue engineering

Dr. Shensheng Chen

Website (<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6427-935X>)

California Institute of Technology

Interests: polymer; simulation; colloid; molecular dynamics; gels; soft matter

Dr. Laura Chronopoulou

Website (<https://www.chem.uniroma1.it/en/departement/people/laura-chronopoulou>)

Chemistry Department, University of Rome La Sapienza, 00185 Rome, Italy

Interests: hydrogels; nanomaterials; biopolymers; composites; drug delivery; Biotechnology

Dr. Michael T. Cook

Website ([https://researchprofiles.herts.ac.uk/portal/en/persons/michael-t-cook\(859f625f-40e5-4a0d-bdb4-3776feb383ad\).html](https://researchprofiles.herts.ac.uk/portal/en/persons/michael-t-cook(859f625f-40e5-4a0d-bdb4-3776feb383ad).html))

Research Centre in Topical Drug Delivery and Toxicology, School of Life and Medical Sciences, University of Hertfordshire, Hatfield AL10 9AB, UK

Interests: thermoresponsive polymers; soft matter; rheology; drug delivery; Women's Health

Dr. Miroslava Dušková-Smrčková

Website (<https://www.imc.cas.cz/sympo/44micros/md.html>)

Institute of Macromolecular Chemistry, Czech Academy of Sciences, Heyrovského náměstí 2, 162 06 Prague 6, Czech Republic

Interests: gels; hydrogels; swelling; polymer materials; Crosslinking

Dr. Shashank Kane**Website** (<http://www.physics.dauniv.ac.in/Dr.ShashankNKane.pdf>)

School of Physics, Devi Ahilya University Khandwa Road Campus, Indore - 452001 (M. P.) INDIA

Interests: Materials Physics, Magnetism, Ferrites, Hyperthermia, magnetic nano particles, sorption, combustion, water purification using photo-catalysis, magnetic properties, XRD synthesis, water purification,**Prof. Dr. Helena Kelly****Website** (<https://www.rcsi.com/people/profile/helenakelly>)

School of Pharmacy and Biomolecular Sciences, Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland (RCSI), 123 St. Stephens Green, Dublin 2, Ireland

Interests: stimuli responsive hydrogels; hydrogel platforms for minimally invasive applications; Regenerative Medicine; drug delivery; cancer**Dr. Malleesh Kurakula****Website** (<https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=1iji5ogAAAAJ&hl=en&oi=ao>)

Department of Biomedical Engineering, University of Memphis, Memphis, TN 38152, USA

Interests: In-situ gels; hydrogels; topical gels; novel lipid/ polymer/biomaterial based drug delivery systems; conventional drug delivery systems; implantable medical devices; Gene delivery; analytical method development; quality by design; MOLECULAR BIOLOGY; pharmacology**Dr. Juan Manuel Lázaro-Martínez****Website** (<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7189-6874>)

Faculty of Pharmacy and Biochemistry, Universidad de Buenos Aires & CONICET, Buenos Aires, Argentina

Interests: polyethylenimine; solid-state nmr; hydrogels; copper complexes**Dr. Nur Atikah Mohidem****Website** (<https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Nur-Adibah-Mohidem>)

Department of Biological and Agricultural Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Universiti Putra Malaysia, 43400 Serdang, Selangor, Malaysia

Interests: xerogel; aerogel; nanoparticle; agriculture**Dr. Khalid Rabaeh****Website** (https://staff.hu.edu.jo/CV_e.aspx?id=3VZyOeRqgS0=)

Medical Imaging Department, Faculty of Applied Medical Sciences, The Hashemite University, Zarqa 13133, Jordan

Interests: Polymer Gel; N-(hydroxymethyl)acrylamide; calcium chloride; nuclear magnetic resonance; dosimetry**Prof. Dr. Eli Sloutskin****Website** (<https://elisloutskin.wixsite.com/softlab/people>)

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Degradation-Dependent Stress Relaxing Semi-Interpenetrating Networks of Hydroxyethyl Cellulose in Gelatin-PEG Hydrogel with Good Mechanical Stability and Reversibility. (2310-2861/7/4/277)

by [Kamol Dey \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1535595\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1535595), [Silvia Agnelli \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1044040\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1044040), [Elisa Borsani \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/657175\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/657175) and [Luciana Sartore \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/614289\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/614289)

Gels **2021**, *7*(4), 277; <https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040277> (https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040277) - 20 Dec 2021

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Abstract The mechanical milieu of the extracellular matrix (ECM) plays a key role in modulating the cellular responses. The native ECM exhibits viscoelasticity with stress relaxation behavior. Here, we reported the preparation of degradation-mediated stress relaxing semi-interpenetrating (semi-IPN) polymeric networks of hydroxyethyl cellulose in [...] [Read more.](#)

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Development, Optimization, and In Vitro Evaluation of Novel Oral Long-Acting Resveratrol Nanocomposite In-Situ Gelling Film in the Treatment of Colorectal Cancer (2310-2861/7/4/276)

by [Shadab Md \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/445836\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/445836), [Samaa Abdullah \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1089191\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1089191), [Nabil A. Alhakamy \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/847171\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/847171), [Waleed S. Alharbi \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1040558\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1040558), [Javed Ahmad \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1066194\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1066194), [Rasheed A. Shaik \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1752581\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1752581), [Mohammad Javed Ansari \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/522807\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/522807), [Ibrahim M. Ibrahim \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1535086\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1535086) and [Javed Ali \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1279585\)](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1279585)

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Abstract This study aimed to develop and evaluate sustained-release (SR) long-acting oral nanocomposites in-situ gelling films of resveratrol (Rv) to treat colorectal cancer. In these formulations, Rv-Soy protein (Rv-Sp) wet granules were prepared by the kneading method and then encapsulated in the sodium alginate [...] [Read more.](#)

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Review on Sol-Gel Synthesis of Perovskite and Oxide Nanomaterials (/2310-2861/7/4/275)

by  Daniel Navas (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/2564578>),  Sandra Fuentes (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1270887>),  Alejandro Castro-Alvarez (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/453555>) and  Emigdio Chavez-Angel (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/450418>)
Gels 2021, 7(4), 275; <https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040275> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040275>) - 18 Dec 2021
Cited by 27 (/2310-2861/7/4/275#metrics) | Viewed by 7202

Abstract Sol-Gel is a low cost, well-established and flexible synthetic route to produce a wide range of micro- and nanostructures. Small variations in pH, temperature, precursors, time, pressure, atmosphere, among others, can lead to a wide family of compounds that share the same molecular [...] [Read more.](#)

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Open Access Review

  (/2310-2861/7/4/274/pdf?version=1640065644)

Bioactive Inks Development for Osteochondral Tissue Engineering: A Mini-Review (/2310-2861/7/4/274)

by  Negar Bakhtari (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1926037>),  Chaozong Liu (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1045017>) and  Farnaz Ghorbani (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1832880>)
Gels 2021, 7(4), 274; <https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040274> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040274>) - 18 Dec 2021
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Abstract Nowadays, a prevalent joint disease affecting both cartilage and subchondral bone is osteoarthritis. Osteochondral tissue, a complex tissue unit, exhibited limited self-renewal potential. Furthermore, its gradient properties, including mechanical property, bio-compositions, and cellular behaviors, present a challenge in repairing and regenerating damaged osteochondral [...] [Read more.](#)

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Novel Thermosensitive-co-Zwitterionic Sulfobetaine Gels for Metal Ion Removal: Synthesis and Characterization (/2310-2861/7/4/273)

by  Eva Oktavia Ningrum (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1344596>),  Takehiko Gotoh (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1061559>),  Wirawan Ciptonugroho (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/VkZISFBUCjNWMnd0bm9vbTEwaGxJWEZFB3diSGtWT2FqS1Qyb3NKa3pRUIRjSkxkTmtpSVcrOEptd2MxWk1yT>),  Achmad Dwitama Karisma (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/SXJ2ZHQ5cWN3RGZicE9Ta2d0VzBDR3dkUm50MTVlY1V0eJOT1FNZmxLYz0=>),  Elly Agustiani (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/VWkrYU1hUURXMMWtmcng0MWZhU0tndy9wYXEzc1p5QUVYVn01UNGJldTdBWT0=>),  Zela Marni Safitri (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/NE1wR2JPNkZrQUlyOHZ0Z3k2U1c3NXFEeHpUanVGTzRlcm9oeHI2VZVZPbz0=>) and  Muhammad Asyiam Dzaky (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/ODgzczStWQnpaS1VEV3dIT1JvYlp5M095SUK1dJEwOHE5eWxEZjY0YkFXWT0=>)
Gels 2021, 7(4), 273; <https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040273> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040273>) - 17 Dec 2021
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Abstract Zwitterionic betaine polymers are promising adsorbents for the removal of heavy metal ions from industrial effluents. Although the presence of both negative and positively charged groups imparts them the ability to simultaneously remove cations and anions, intra- and/or inter-chain interactions can significantly reduce [...] [Read more.](#)

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Alginate NiFe₂O₄ Nanoparticles Cryogel for Electrochemical Glucose Biosensor Development (/2310-2861/7/4/272)

by  Amin Fatoni (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/850176>),  Aziz Wijonarko (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/Sjhad0hhNVZ6ZGtBMFZaa3U1M2Z0bVo0dnZRRXildEdJbStGWXV3dnHfYz0=>),  Mekar Dwi Anggraeni (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/2717356>),  Dadan Hermawan (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/2615019>),  Hartiwi Diastuti (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/2162108>) and  Zulfahair (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/Z3VBR2NYRXZGZUtROTf0N3FQSIUxbUt6QXFvckZkWINPcUdDZ0R6V2xUOD0=>)
Gels 2021, 7(4), 272; <https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040272> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040272>) - 17 Dec 2021
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Abstract Glucose biosensors based on porous material of alginate cryogel has been developed, and the cryogel provides a large surface area for enzyme immobilization. The alginate cryogel has been supplemented with NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles to improve the electron transfer for electrochemical detection. [...] [Read more.](#)

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by [Virginia Martin Torrejon](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1374088>), [Yangju Deng](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1972447>), [Guidong Luo](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/2838688>), [Bingjie Wu](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1966637>), [Jim Song](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1948786>), [Song Hang](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/ZmxqNitBbEt4dDlmVWZHeU1qY0JmYXNHVlhWaHJUeVR3WVJTZXExVW03ST0=>) and [Dongmei Wang](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1376250>)

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Abstract Gelatin hydrogels are widely used materials that may require surfactants to adjust their solution's surface tension for cell attachment, surface adsorption enhancement, or foaming. However, gelatin is a highly surface-active polymer, and its concentrated solutions usually do not require surfactants to achieve low [...]. [Read more.](#)

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by [Miljana Mirković](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/960085>), [Ljiljana Kijajević](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/UFBUY2hhUUIDV0xVamEwTUJoUTB1cWdmRGxCc2E5VFNVVkl1N3FvVTZhYz0=>), [Sabina Dolenc](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/174077>), [Miloš Nenadović](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/NTZ6SztbmMwS2RDQm80RVpJZ1Q3Zz09>), [Vladimir Pavlović](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/2082030>), [Milica Rajačić](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1955264>) and [Snežana Nenadović](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/958470>)

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Abstract Since recycled technologies usage is mandatory for environmental safety, and in this regard, it is important to examine new materials that can be used in construction and are primarily produced from fly ash. In addition to characteristics such as hardness and compressive strength, [...]. [Read more.](#)

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by [Shashidharagowda H.](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/OXFzWmIEQmU4OEQzTTRpZUtrSE0zT1Ztb2ZheWZDb3NGcEhGeGdLT1c4bz0=>), [Shridhar Mathad](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1886930>), [Shridhar Malladi](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/UlkwaTJqRDIwRXixZ2JHRE1COGhZZVztM0J0SkNwdzhYbmNiN3BTby9vcz0=>), [Vinod Gubbeveeranna](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/ZW0zd0d5bENBZytWRC9rcWNXL0MvzcJySXIMZDN4cS9hdWI2Y0g5RDIHazo=>), [Kusuma C. G.](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/d0Q4bml4bWFTdzBoMWZ4Y05wVUw4Y0lWdUdrTHFIWnVIQWFidVoyaDlFOD0=>), [Nagaraju S.](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/Tjk4L3ZBRy9wNEt6UIFqYIV2UjRtWIFTbjZ0VEpRakhFQXBxL1JTY2RNazo=>), [Arun Y. Patil](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1261842>), [Anish Khan](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1300380>), [Malik Abdul Rub](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/1504149>), [Abdullah M. Asiri](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/3375>) and [Naved Azum](#) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/587049>)

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Abstract Copper-substituted nickel manganites $Ni_{(1-x)}Cu_xMn_2O_4$ (Ni-TCE-NPs) were produced by co-precipitation route (sol–gel) at room temperature. $Ni_{(1-x)}Cu_xMn_2O_4$ -Bio (NCB) NPs were studied by powder X-ray diffraction technique, scanning electron microscopy and Raman spectroscopy. [...]. [Read more.](#)

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Article

Alginate NiFe₂O₄ Nanoparticles Cryogel for Electrochemical Glucose Biosensor Development

Amin Fatoni ^{1,*} , Aziz Wijonarko ¹, Mekar Dwi Anggraeni ², Dadan Hermawan ¹, Hartiwi Diastuti ¹ and Zusfahair ¹

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Abstract: Glucose biosensors based on porous material of alginate cryogel has been developed, and the cryogel provides a large surface area for enzyme immobilization. The alginate cryogel has been supplemented with NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles to improve the electron transfer for electrochemical detection. The fabrication parameters and operational conditions for the biosensor have also been optimized. The results showed that the optimum addition of NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles to the alginate solution was 0.03 g/mL. The optimum operational conditions for the electrochemical detection were a cyclic voltammetry scan rate of 0.11 V/s, buffer pH of 7.0, and buffer concentration of 150 mM. The fabricated alginate NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles cryogel-based glucose biosensor showed a linear response for glucose determination with a regression line of $y = 18.18x + 455.28$ and $R^2 = 0.98$. Furthermore, the calculated detection limit was 0.32 mM and the limit of quantification was 1.06 mM.

Keywords: alginate; cryogel; electrochemical; glucose biosensor; nickel ferrite nanoparticles



Citation: Fatoni, A.; Wijonarko, A.; Anggraeni, M.D.; Hermawan, D.; Diastuti, H.; Zusfahair Alginate NiFe₂O₄ Nanoparticles Cryogel for Electrochemical Glucose Biosensor Development. *Gels* **2021**, *7*, 272. <https://doi.org/10.3390/gels7040272>

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1. Introduction

Diabetes mellitus is a degenerative disease that causes many deaths. About 43% of the 3.7 million deaths from diabetes mellitus occur before age of 70 years and the percentage of these deaths is higher in developing countries [1]. According to the International Diabetes Federation (IDF), in 2017, the prevalence of diabetes mellitus in the world reached 424.9 million people and is expected to reach 628.6 million in 2045 [2]. Diabetes mellitus is also found as the most comorbidities among individuals died due to COVID-19, especially in Central Java Province, Indonesia, with 39.7% and followed by hypertension at 31.6% (Central Java 2020).

There are preventive measures in place to reduce the number of people with diabetes mellitus. Previous strategies reported for early detection were to determine blood glucose levels with a biosensor [3]. In general, the glucose biosensor uses the enzyme glucose oxidase to catalyze the glucose conversion and the results could be detected electrochemically. The combination of biological sensing elements such as an enzyme and a transducer such as an electrochemical transducer is the main principle of the biosensor for analyte determination [4]. Biosensors have shown several advantages such as being easy to manufacture in small tools (portable), relatively inexpensive, high sensitivity, high selectivity, and making real-time measurements possible. As a result, they have been widely developed and commercialized as analytical tools [5].

The development of biosensors is generally focused on increasing their sensitivity, selectivity, stability, or reducing their production costs. The development strategies could be performed in the biological compound exploration of biological sensing elements such as enzymes, antibodies, cells, supporting materials for biological compound immobilization

or the detector improvisation. In developing an enzyme supporting material, a previous study showed that the use of chitosan cryogel increases the surface area of the electrode, thereby increasing the performance of electrochemical biosensors [6]. However, the non-conductive nature of chitosan reduces the electric current when it has been applied with an electrochemical transducer. Various strategies to improve the chitosan conductivity have been explored, such as using carbon nanotubes [7] and grafting with polyaniline [8]. However, it is still challenging to find better enzyme support materials for detecting glucose. Besides chitosan, another biopolymer showed an excellent property as porous supporting material is alginate. Alginate is hydrophilic, biocompatible and biodegradable [9]. Alginate has been used in tissue engineering [10], drug delivery [11], enzyme immobilization [12], and biosensors [13]. Furthermore, the calcium alginate matrix for enzyme immobilization could be easily prepared using a simple procedure compared to crosslinking of chitosan. The use of crosslinker agent such as glutaraldehyde is not environmentally friendly, and it could be cytotoxic in case of the biological sensing element using bacteria cell. The green technology using urea-induced gelation for chitosan crosslinking was a relatively complex procedure and resulted in non-stable gel compared to glutaraldehyde crosslinked [14]. Another advantage of alginate matrix compared to chitosan is that it has a greater capacity for biomolecule entrapment [15].

Despite the numerous advantages, the use of biomaterial such as chitosan and alginate in the application of biosensors with electrochemical detection has poor mechanical and electrical properties. It has been reported that composites made from biomaterials and nanoparticles overcome these poor electrical properties [7,16]. This research used nickel ferrite nanoparticles to improve the alginate cryogel for glucose biosensor application using electrochemical detection.

2. Results and Discussion

2.1. NiFe_2O_4 Nanoparticles Preparation and Characterization

The NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles were synthesized to improve the performance of the alginate cryogel modified electrode. The NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles were prepared using co-precipitation which was a bottom-up synthesis of nanoparticle from their metal ions to obtain nanosized particles. The co-precipitation method was selected because of its simplicity and ease of obtaining the homogenous size [17,18]. The obtained NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles were a brown powder (Figure 1A). The NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles prepared using the same procedure have been reported to have a particle size of 4.2–5.7 nm observed by transmission electron microscopy and magnetic coercivity of 42–47 Oe [19].

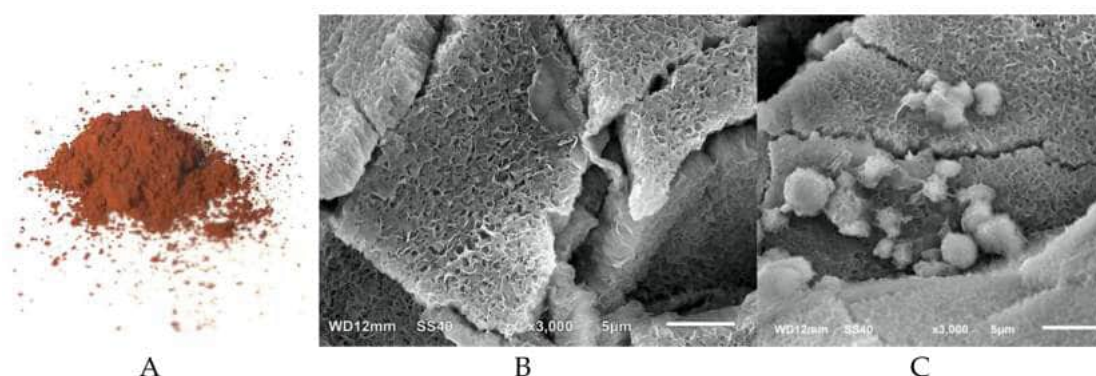


Figure 1. Synthesized NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles showed as a dark brown powder (A). The porous structure of cryogel is made of alginate (B) and alginate with NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles (C).

Alginate cryogel was formed by crosslinking sodium alginate under subzero temperature to freeze the water solvent and leave a porous structure [7]. The NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles were entrapped in the alginate structure to facilitate the electron transfer during the redox reaction of the working electrode. The scanning electron microscope image showed that

the porous alginate cryogel had a large surface area (Figure 1B,C) with a pore size of about 1–2 micron pores. Subsequently, the alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel structure and alginate only cryogel showed a similar porous material with an aggregate of NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles on the surface of the alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel.

2.2. Alginate NiFe_2O_4 Nanoparticles Modified Electrode Performance

The performance of the alginate- NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel electrode was tested using potassium hexacyanoferrate and hydrogen peroxide. Potassium hexacyanoferrate was used to observe the electron transfer behavior of each step of electrode modification. The results showed that the glassy carbon electrode with alginate cryogel (Figure 2A, red) had lower oxidation and reduction peaks compared to a bare glassy carbon electrode (Figure 2A, blue). The lower oxidation and reduction peaks of alginate cryogel were due to the low conductivity characteristic of alginate [20]. Therefore, strategies to improve the alginate conductivity of the alginate are required. The alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel showed higher oxidation and reduction peaks (Figure 2A, green), compared to both bare glassy carbon electrode and alginate cryogel modified electrode. The higher oxidation and reduction peaks of the NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles alginate cryogel due to the large surface area of porous cryogel combined with the nickel ferrite nanoparticles.

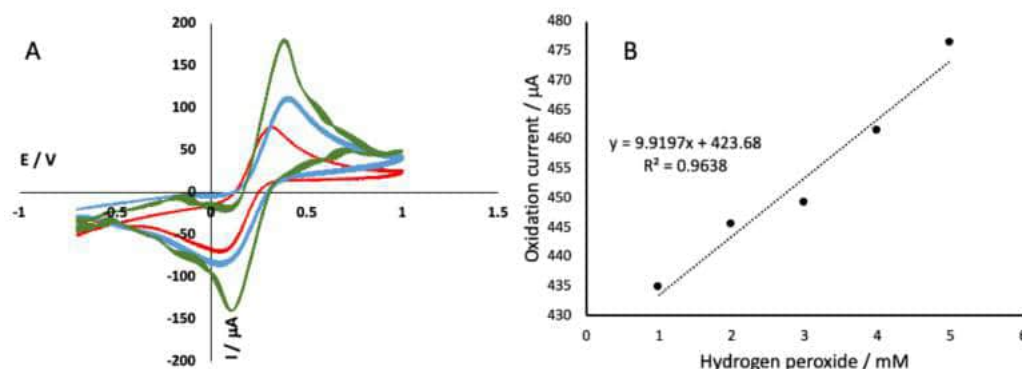


Figure 2. Electron transfer behavior of a bare glassy carbon electrode (A, blue line), alginate cryogel modified electrode (A, red line), and alginate- NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel modified electrode (A, green line) measured on 10 mM potassium ferricyanide. Alginate- NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles modified electrode showed a linear response for detecting hydrogen peroxide (B).

It was previously reported that nickel ferrite nanoparticles increase the conductivity of the compound with PANI [21], polypyrrole-chitosan [22] and alginic acid [23]. Besides improving the electron transfer of the alginate cryogel by adding NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles, this nanoparticle with the magnetic properties also makes the alginate cryogel become magnetic alginate cryogel. The magnetic alginate based gels have been reported in many fields such as biosensors [24], drug delivery [25] and tissue engineering [26]. The magnetic materials embedded in the gels provide unique features such as responding to the applied magnetic fields, inducing shape changes and modifying the mechanical properties [27]. The nanoparticle of NiFe_2O_4 provides magnetism of small size ferromagnetic (superparamagnetism) showed unique properties that could enhance the biosensor sensitivity and allow rapid detection of various analytes [28]. Therefore, the increase of the redox peaks observed in this research can also be caused by the super magnetism of nanoparticles added to the alginate gels.

Hydrogen peroxide was first used to simulate the glucose biosensor, since the use of glucose oxidase enzyme would result in hydrogen peroxide which was eventually detected by electrochemical detection. The electrochemical method used was cyclic voltammetry, which is a cyclic method that describes the movement of electrons due to a reduction and oxidation reaction occurring on the surface of the working electrode. The results showed a linear response of hydrogen peroxide determination (1–5 mM, in phosphate buffer) using

alginate-NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles modified electrode performed using cyclic voltammetry (Figure 2B).

2.3. NiFe₂O₄ Nanoparticles Addition Optimization

NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles were added to the alginate cryogel to improve the electron transfer properties. However, the addition of nanomaterials could be increasing the cost in further application. Therefore, finding the best condition with the lowest number of nanoparticles addition was important but showed the optimal electron transfer properties.

The NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles was added in various final concentration of 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04 and 0.05 g/mL of sodium alginate solution. The result showed the increase of oxidation current with the addition of NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles from 0.01 to 0.03 g/mL. However, the higher amount of the nanoparticles did not show a significant oxidation current change (Figure 3). The nanoparticle composite in alginate polymers was generally prepared in the composition of 0–10% (*w/v*) such as in the alginate-magnetic nanoparticles [29], alginate silver nanoparticles [30], alginate-Fe₃O₄ nanoparticles [31] and alginate multi-walled carbon nanotubes [32].

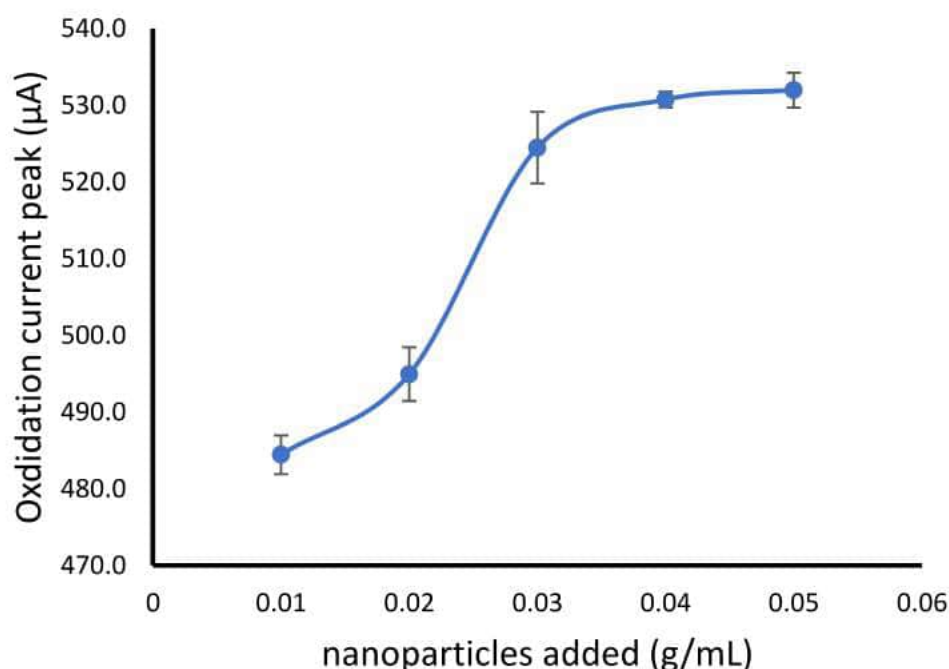


Figure 3. Effect of NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles addition to alginate cryogel on the increase of oxidation peak of hydrogen peroxide.

2.4. Effect of Cyclic Voltammetry Scan Rate

The CV method for the determination of hydrogen peroxide using modified alginate NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles has been studied the effect of scan rate using phosphate buffer pH 7.0 with a concentration of 100 mM. The scan rate range used was 0.05–0.13 V/s. The increase in the scan rate causes the increase of electron transfer per second, leading to the accumulation of electrolyte ions. Therefore, each increase in the scan rate would increase the oxidation peak current, making it difficult to obtain the optimum condition of the scan rate, similar to the previous report [33]. However, an increase in scan rate with the increase in the oxidation peak current from 0.06 to 0.11 V/s showed a higher current increase, while the higher scan rate of more than 0.11 V/s showed a lower increase in the oxidation peak current (Figure 4).

2.5. Effect of Buffer pH and Concentration on the Detection of Hydrogen Peroxide

The buffer pH was optimized using 0.1 M phosphate buffer with various pH of 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5 and 8.0. The result showed that the optimum pH for the determination of hydrogen peroxide was at a pH of 7.0 (Figure 5). The increase of buffer pH from 6.0 to 7.0 showed an increase of oxidation current peak. However, the higher pH of more than 7.0 did not significantly increase in the current oxidation peak. The pH of 7.0 was also selected based on the glucose oxidase enzyme having an optimum pH of 7.0 when applied as glucose biosensor [7]. In some cases, the change of pH can lead to a change in oxidation or reduction peak [34], which may be favorable to improve the selectivity. In this study, various pH showed similar oxidation peak potential but different their peak height.

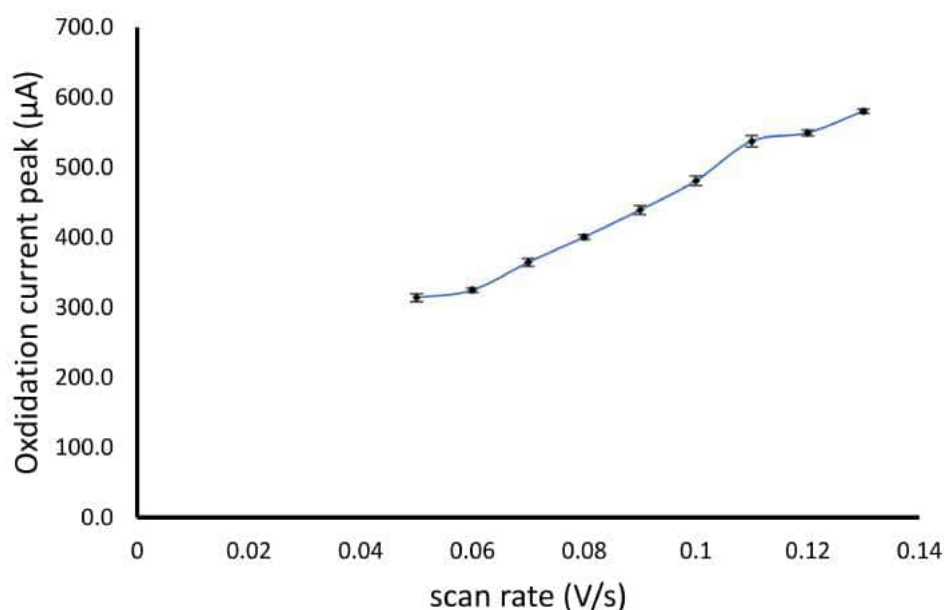


Figure 4. Scan rate optimization of the cyclic voltammetry method for hydrogen peroxide determination using modified alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel electrode.

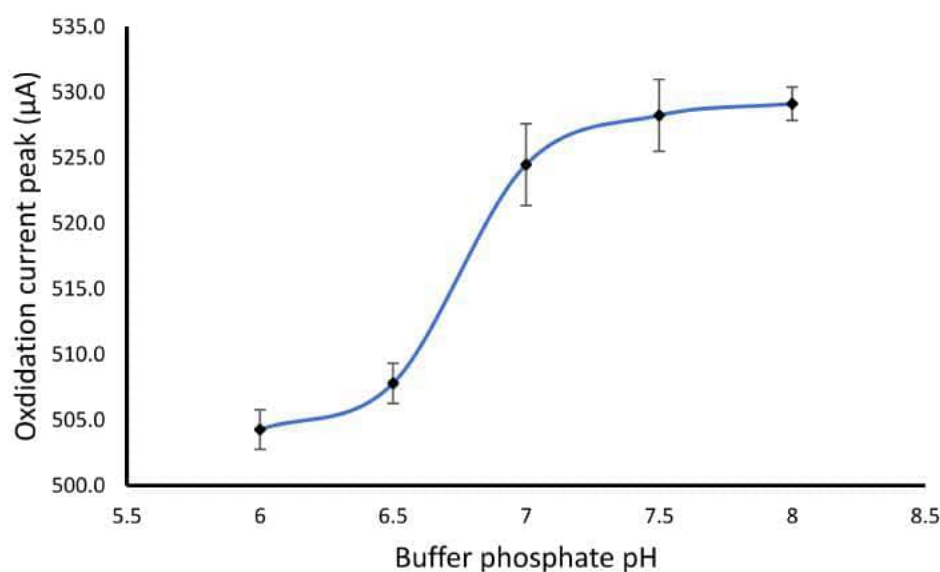


Figure 5. Effect of buffer pH on the hydrogen peroxide oxidation peak using the modified alginate- NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel electrode.

The concentration of the phosphate buffer influences the redox behavior of hydrogen peroxide, since the electron transfer highly depends on the electrolyte concentration in the

medium. The result showed an increase in the buffer concentration from 50 to 150 mM, while the higher buffer concentration did not show a significant increase (Figure 6). The buffer concentration of the buffer was an important factor affecting the sensitivity of the biosensor. The concentration of the buffer causes a change in the capacity of the ionic form of the substance in the solution. The higher the buffer concentration, the more free ions from the buffer salt contained in the solution, thus increasing the current value. Optimal buffer concentration could provide a high sensitivity of the biosensor.

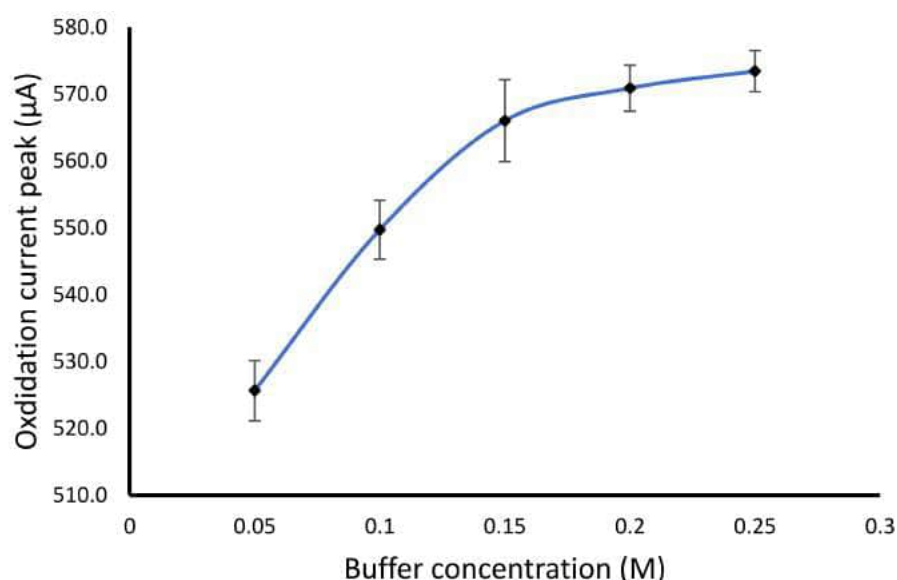
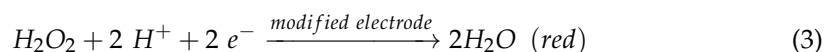
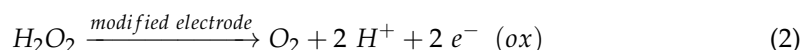
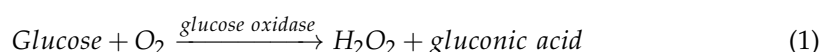


Figure 6. Buffer concentration effect on the hydrogen peroxide determination using the modified electrode.

2.6. Glucose Determination Using Fabricated Biosensor

The glucose determination was performed with the glucose oxidase enzyme entrapped in the alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel. The electrochemical measurement was based on the determination hydrogen peroxide which results from the enzymatic reaction of glucose catalyzed by glucose oxidase in the following redox reaction:



The result showed that the peaks current was increased linearly with the glucose concentration with the regression equation of $y = 16.18x + 455.28$ and R^2 of 0.981 (Figure 7). The calculated limit of detection and limit of quantification were 0.32 mM and 1.06 mM respectively. The fabricated electrochemical alginate- NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel based glucose biosensor was more sensitive compared to colorimetric alginate-based glucose biosensor [13] and near-infrared alginate-based glucose biosensor [35].

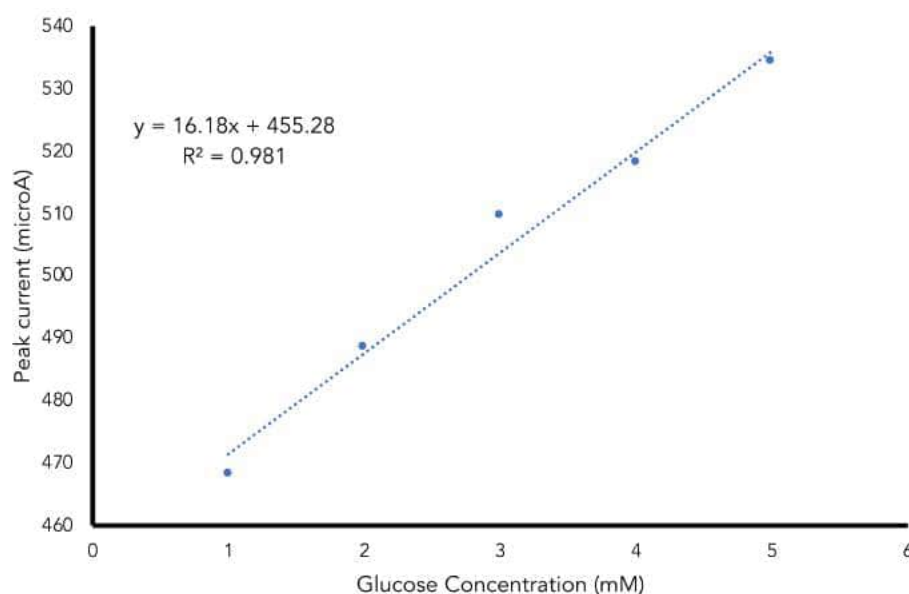


Figure 7. Glucose determination using fabricated alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles cryogel biosensor.

3. Conclusions

Alginate NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles composite as supporting material in the fabricated glucose biosensor showed a high surface area and good electron transfer using an electrochemical detector. The optimal conditions obtained were the addition of NiFe_2O_4 nanoparticles of 0.03 g/mL sodium alginate solution, a scan rate of 0.11 V/s, phosphate buffer pH of 7.0 and buffer concentration of 150 mM. The determination of the glucose using immobilized GOD enzyme showed a linear response with regression equation of $y = 16.18x + 455.28$ and R^2 of 0.98. The limit of detection obtained was 0.32 and the limit of quantification was 1.06 mM.

4. Materials and Methods

4.1. Materials

Alginic acid sodium salt from brown algae (BioReagent, Sigma-Aldrich, St. Louis, MI, USA), glucose oxidase from *Aspergillus niger* (type II, $\geq 15,000$ U/g solid, Sigma-Aldrich, St. Louis, MI, USA), nickel(II) chloride ($\text{NiCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$) Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany), iron(III) chloride ($\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$) (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany), glucose anhydrous ($\geq 98.0\%$) (Sigma), acetic acid (CH_3COOH) (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany), hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2) 30% (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany), sodium hydroxide (NaOH) (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany), disodium hydrogen phosphate (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany) and sodium dihydrogen phosphate (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany).

4.2. Apparatus and Measurements

Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) (JSM-6510 LA, JEOL, Tokyo, Japan), operating at 15 kV, was used to examine the morphology of the alginate nanoparticle cryogel. The electrochemical analysis was performed using a three-electrode system with a glassy carbon electrode as a working electrode and Ag/AgCl as a reference electrode and platinum wire as a counter electrode. The electrochemical measurements were carried out using Rodeostat Potentiostat (IORodeo Smart Lab Technology, Pasadena, CA, USA).

4.3. NiFe_2O_4 Nanoparticles Preparation

Nickel ferrite nanoparticles have been synthesized using the co-precipitation method [36] with $\text{NiCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ as ion providers Ni^{2+} and Fe^{3+} . The mole fraction ratio used was 1:2, by dissolving 1.188 g of $\text{NiCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in 20 mL distilled water and 2701 g of $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in 20 mL of distilled water in a separate glass beaker. The two

solutions were then mixed homogeneously. The mixture of Ni and Fe was then dropwise slowly in the precipitation agent of NaOH under stirring (1000 rpm) at 85 °C for 60 min. The variation of NaOH concentrations used were 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11 M. The resulting nanoparticles were then precipitated continued by washing distilled water for approximately seven times of 50 mL. The precipitated nanoparticles obtained were dried at 90 °C. The brown nanoparticles powder was then used for further procedures.

4.4. Alginate Cryogel Electrode Preparation

Sodium alginate solution was prepared by dissolving 2.0 g of alginate in phosphate buffer (100 mM, pH 7) to get 100 mL of solution. The 50 µL of alginate solution was then drop on the glassy carbon working electrode (3 mm diameter). The electrode with alginate cover was immerse in 2 M CaCl₂ solution and allowed for 30 min to make the crosslink layer of Ca-alginate on the electrode. The electrode was then kept in the freezer at −20 °C for 12 h to continue the crosslinking reaction with the freezing condition for cryogel forming.

Alginate NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles were prepared using similar procedure above with the addition of NiFe₂O₄ to the alginate solution with the concentration of 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 and 0.5 g per 100 mL alginate solution. The mixture was then dropped in on the glassy carbon electrode and further the procedure of alginate cryogel modified electrode. The modified electrode with alginate cryogel and alginate NiFe₂O₄ has been tested using K₃[Fe(CN)₆] and H₂O₂ (in 100mM phosphate buffer, pH of 7.0) solution by cyclic voltammetry method.

4.5. Cyclic Voltammetry Optimization

The optimal condition of the electrochemical cell using cyclic voltammetry (−1.0 to 1.0 V, 3 scans) were performed by varying the scan rate of 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.10, 0.11, 0.12 and 0.13 mV/s. The solution used was H₂O₂ 5 mM in phosphate buffer pH 7.0. The best scan rate with the minimum background current was then selected for further study.

4.6. Buffer pH and Concentration Optimization

The buffer pH and concentration were optimized in the H₂O₂ determination with a variation of pH 6.0 to 8.0 with the various concentrations of 50, 100, 150, 200 and 250 mM. The cyclic voltammetry conditions included the optimized parameters obtained.

4.7. Glucose Determination Using Modified Electrode

Glucose oxidase as biological sensing element was prepared in buffer solution (pH 7.0, concentration 50 mM). The enzyme was immobilized in the working electrode by entrapping method. The glucose oxidase solution was then added to the alginate solution (20 µL/1000 µL) with the total enzyme activity of 50 U per modified electrode made of 50 µL solution of alginate-NiFe₂O₄ nanoparticles. The mixture was then dropped on the working electrode surface, dipped in the crosslinking agent and kept in the freezer for cryogelation. The modified electrode was then tested to detect glucose standard solution under the optimal condition. Linearity, the limit of detection and limit of quantification were then calculated from the series concentration of glucose determined.

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